## **Multiplication and Division**

Year 4

Multiplying and Dividing by 10 and 100

#### Vocabulary:

Multiply Divide Unitise Ten/Hundred times Bigger Smaller One-tenth the size One-hundredth the size Gattegno chart Factor Product Multiple Groups of Inverse

1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000
100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000
100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

# Develop language in order to multiply and divide by 10 or 100.

80 is ten times bigger than 8. 8 is ten times smaller than 80. 80 is ten times the size of 8 8 is one-tenth the size of 80.

800 is one hundred times bigger than 8.8 is one hundred times smaller than 800.800 is on hundred times the size of 88 is one-hundredth the size of 80.

8 x 1 = 8 8 x 1 ten - 8 tens 8 x 1 hundred = 8 hundreds

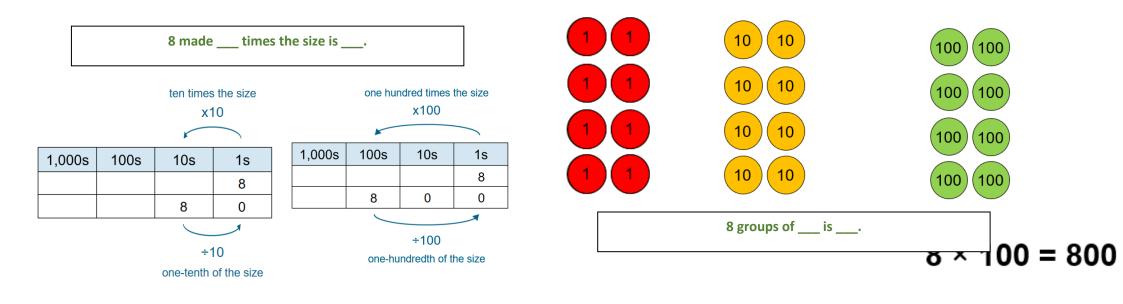
#### Generalisations

All multiples of 10 have a ones digit of zero.

All multiples of 100 have both a tens and ones digit of zero.

To find the inverse of \_\_\_times as many, you divide by \_\_\_\_.

If one factor if made \_\_\_\_ times bigger/smaller then the product will be ten times bigger/smaller



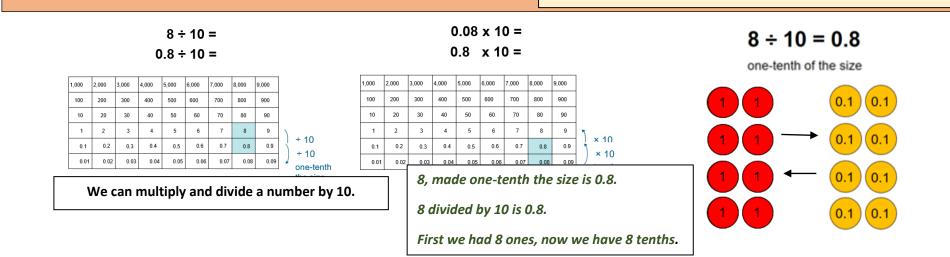
## **Multiplication and Division**

Year 5

Multiplying and Dividing by 10 and 100 (1)

#### Vocabulary:

Multiply Divide Unitise Ten/Hundred times Bigger Smaller One-tenth the size One-hundredth the size Gattegno chart Factor Product Multiple Groups of Inverse Ones Tens Hundreds Tenths Hundredths



$$0.8 \times 10 = 8$$

ten times the size

 $8 \div 100 = 0.08$ 

one-hundredth of the size

We can multiply and divide a number by 100. Multiplying by 100 is the same as multiplying/dividing by 10 twice.

8, made 100 times smaller is 0.08. 8 divided by 100 is 0.08. First we had 8 ones, now we have 8 hundredths

 $0.08 \times 100 = 8$ 

one hundred times the size

## **Multiplication and Division**

 $3.6 \times 10 = 36$ 

 $36 \div 10 = 3.6$ 

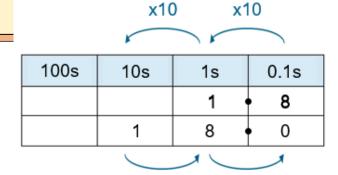
Year 5

Multiplying and Dividing by 10 and 100 (2)

### Vocabulary:

Multiply Divide Unitise Ten/Hundred times Bigger Smaller One-tenth the size One-hundredth the size Gattegno chart Factor Product Multiple Groups of Hundreds Tenths Hundredths Inverse Ones Tens

1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000
100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09



÷10

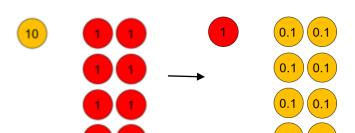
x10

÷10 one-tenth of the size

ten times the size

$$18 \div 10 = 1.8$$
 one-tenth of the size

1.8 is one-tenth the size of 18 18 divided by 10 is 1.8.



\_\_ divided by 10/100 is equal to\_\_.
\_\_ is one-tenth/hundredth the size of \_\_.
\_\_ multiplied by 10/100 is equal to\_\_.

\_\_ is 10/100 times the size of \_\_.

We can multiply and divide numbers with digits greater than 0 by 10 or 100.

#### Generalisation

To multiply by 10, move each digit one place to the left.

To multiply by 100, move each digit two places to the left.

To divide by 10, move each digit one place to the right.

$$1.8 \times 10 = 18$$

## **Multiplication and Division**

Year 5

ten times the size

Multiplying and Dividing by 10 and 100 (3).

## **Vocabulary:**

Multiply Divide Unitise Ten/Hundred times Bigger Smaller One-tenth the size One-hundredth the size Gattegno chart Factor Product Multiple Groups of Inverse Ones Tens Hundreds Tenths Hundredths

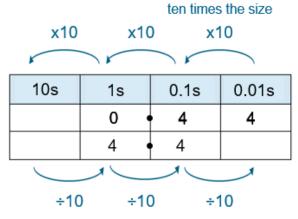
 $0.27 \times 10 = 2.7$ 

 $2.7 \div 10 = 0.27$ 

1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	8,000	9,000
100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09

0.27 is one-tenth the size of 2.7

2.7 divided by 10 is 0.27.



one-tenth of the size



one-tenth of the size

(0.01)

 $0.44 \times 10 = 4.4$ 

ten times the size

divided by 10/100 is equal to\_\_.

\_\_ is one-tenth/hundredth the size of \_\_\_.

\_\_ multiplied by 10/100 is equal to\_\_.

\_\_ is 10/100 times the size of \_\_.

We can multiply and divide numbers with digits greater than 0 by 10 or 100.

#### Generalisation

To multiply by 10, move each digit one place to the left.

To multiply by 100, move each digit two places to the left.

To divide by 10, move each digit one place to the right.